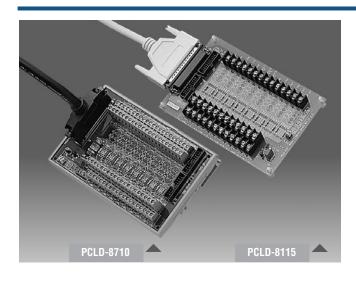
# **PCLD-8115** PCLD-8710

### **Industrial Wiring Terminal Board** With CJC Circuit



#### **Features**

- Low-cost screw-terminal boards
- Onboard CJC (Cold Junction Compensation) circuits for direct thermocouple measurement.
- Reserved space for signal-conditioning circuits such as low-pass filter, voltage attenuator and current shunt.
- Industrial-grade screw-clamp terminal blocks for heavy-duty and reliable

#### PCLD-8115 only

- Supports PCL-818 series multifunction cards
- Nylon standoffs, screws and washers included for easy mounting
- Dimensions (W x L): 169 x 112 mm (6.7" x 4.4")

#### PCLD-8710 only

- Supports PCI-1710/1710L/1710HG/1710HGL/1711/1711L/1716/1716L cards
- DIN-rail mounting case for easy mounting
- Dimensions (W x L x H): 169 x 112 x 51 mm (6.7" x 4.4" x 2.0")

### Introduction

The PCLD-8115 screw-terminal board offers convenient and reliable signal wiring for multifunction cards with 20-pin flat cable connectors or DB37 connectors, such as the PCL-818 series cards. PCLD-8710 is designed to match multifunction cards with 68-pin SCSI-II connectors, such as the PCI-1710/1710L/1710HG/1710HGL/1711L/1716/1716L cards. This screw-terminal board also includes cold junction sensing circuitry that allows direct measurements from thermocouple transducers. Together with software compensation and linearization, every thermocouple type can be accommodated.

Due to its special PCB layout, you can install passive components to construct your own signal-conditioning circuits. So you can easily construct a low-pass filter, attenuator or current shunt converter by adding resistors and capacitors onto the board circuit pads.

## **Applications**

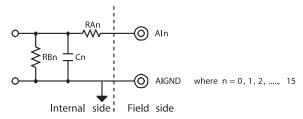
Field wiring for analog and digital I/O channels of PC-LabCard™ products.

Signal conditioning circuits can be implemented as illustrated in the following

#### a) Straight-through connection (factory setting)

 $RAn = 0 \Omega (short)$ RBn = none

Cn = none



#### b) 1.6 kHz (3 dB) low pass filter

 $RAn = 10 K\Omega$ RBn = none

 $Cn = 0.01 \mu F$ 

$$f_{3dB} = \frac{RBn}{RAn + RBn}$$

#### c) 10: 1 voltage attenuator:

 $RAn = 9 K\Omega$ 

 $RBn = 1 K\Omega$ 

Cn = none

 $\text{Attenuation} = \frac{---}{RAn + RBn}$ 

(Assume source impedance  $\ll$  10 K $\Omega$ )

#### d) $4 \sim 20$ mA to $1 \sim 5$ V<sub>DC</sub> signal converter:

 $RAn = 0 \Omega$  (short)

RBn = 250  $\Omega$  (0.1% precision resistor)

Cn = none

## **Ordering Information**

PCLD-8115

Industrial Wiring Terminal Board with CJC circuit and

DB37 cable assembly

PCLD-8710

Industrial Wiring Terminal Board with CJC circuit for

DIN-rail mounting (cable not included)

PCL-10137-1

DB37 cable assembly, 1 m

PCL-10137-2

DB37 cable assembly, 2 m

PCL-10137-3

DB37 cable assembly, 3 m

PCL-10168-1

68-pin SCSI-II cable with special shielding for noise

reduction, 1 m

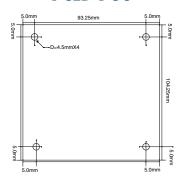
PCL-10168-2

68-pin SCSI-II cable with special shielding for noise

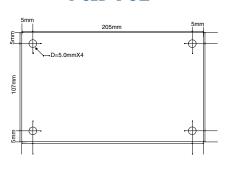
reduction, 2 m

# **Terminal Board Dimensions**

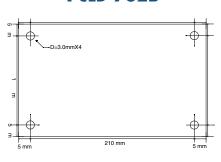




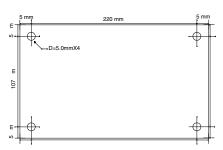
**PCLD-782** 



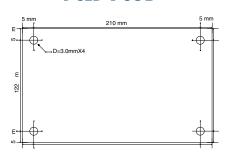
**PCLD-782B** 



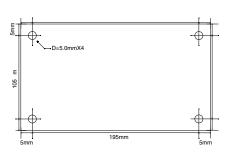
**PCLD-785** 



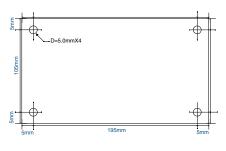
PCLD-785B



**PCLD-786** 



**PCLD-788** 



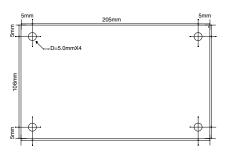
PCLD-789D



**PCLD-880** 



**PCLD-885** 



**PCLD-7216** 



**PCLD-8115** 

